

CHILD KILLED BY STREET CAR IN FRONT OF HOME

Tells Banqueters It Will Make War Almost Impossible

UNITED STATES
TO SET EXAMPLE

Everlasting Peace Between Great Britain and This Country Key-note of All Other Addresses Delivered, and Each Expression Is Given Unstinted Applause

New York, May 9.—William Jennings Bryan, speaking at a dinner given to-night in honor of the foreign members of the international conference that is arranging the celebration of 100 years of peace among English-speaking peoples, declared that "the new peace plan offered by President Wilson to all nations is the latest and longest step toward peace."

It contemplates time for investigation and deliberation," he said, "and this makes the possibility of war remote."

Mr. Bryan's subject was "Frag Toward Peace." He said that the part of the United States in the cause of humanity would be large because "more than any other nation we have a population which is attracted by blood to nearly all nations."

Peace for all time between the United States and Great Britain was the keynote of other addresses of the evening delivered by Lord Weardale, chairman of the international conference, Sir Edmund Walker, of Canada, Sir George Houston Reid, of Australia, and Judge George Gray, of Delaware. To-night's function marked the last

Many that have engaged the delegates here have been asked to come to-morrow they start for Boston.

Applause Is Liberal.

More than 500 men and women, most of them of country-wide distinction, were in attendance. A distinguished applause greeted all remarks that emphasized the cordial relations between the two nations, and the cause of the United States in general.

The enthusiastic singing of "America" and "God Save the King" was one of the features of the evening.

Flags of Great Britain, the United States and Belgium, the latter of which where the treaty of Ghent was signed in 1814, decorated the banquet hall.

Joseph H. Choute, former ambassador to Belgium, presided as the master. At his left sat the new British ambassador, Sir Arthur Cecil Spring-Rice, and on his right, M. De Camille, Belgian ambassador.

Members of the diplomatic corps at Washington. Other members of the diplomatic corps,

Mr. Bryan was introduced after the banqueters had drunk a toast to the King of England and the President of the United States. The Secretary of State said in part:

"We have three great forces at work

constant and irresistibly, and every one of these forces makes for peace. I bring them before you—a growing intelligence and increasing understanding of the doctrine of brotherhood and a growing power of the people to con-

"No other nation is better situated or better prepared to set an example to the world than this, and I am glad on this occasion to refer to the act of our President that embodies this thought in language."

"Two weeks ago yesterday at his direction I summoned the representatives of thirty-six nations represented in the world, and for him simultaneously present through representatives to their governments a proposition in which the President expresses not only his desire to enter into agreement with every nation, great or small, that so far as our nation and that contracting nation are concerned, no commercial declaration, no commercial agreement, no hostilities, until the question in dispute has been investigated by an international tribunal."

"Now, I believe that this proposition is a long step in the direction of peace. It does not mean to take the place of arbitration treaties—make all you can, submit to arbitration every question which you can agree to submit, but when you are through you will find, at least, we have found thus far, that there are certain questions that are

"It is the purpose of this plan to close the gap and to leave no question to become a cause of war. It is the belief of the President that when the

treaties have been made between this
 nation and all other nations severally
 before hostilities began, and it is
 become practically impossible. The
 time that will be allowed gives
 opportunity for the separation of questions
 of common questions. The time
 gives a chance also for the operation
 of public opinion which is for peace.
 It is the hope of those who believe
 in the plan that if it is adopted here
 in this nation and other nations it
 will then be adopted by other nations
 because when the nations of the
 earth will be knit together by these
 nations and people will know war
 no more."

Cardinal's Hope.
 Cardinal Gibbons, in a letter expressing
 regret that he was unable to be
 present, said:
 "The United States and Columbia join
 hands across the Atlantic and their out-
 stretched arms will form a sacred arch
 of nations and will proclaim to
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N. & W. will begin Every-Sunday Excursion



ALICE ELIZABETH POH

Five-Year-Old Alice Poh Instantly Crushed to Death.

MOTORMAN PUT UNDER ARREST

**Body Almost Completely Cut in
Two and Dragged Seven Feet,
Brakes Being Instantly Ap-
plied When Horrified
Scream Gave First
Note of Danger.**

Alice Elizabeth Poh, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Poh, of 3 North Robinson Street, was instantly crushed to death yesterday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock, in front of her home, when a street car of the Virginia Railway and Power Company. While the car was moving at a rate of speed between eight and ten miles an hour, it was not stopped until the body had been dragged seven feet. It was almost completely flattened by the first wheels of the front truck. There were only a few horrified witnesses, but a large crowd quickly collected. The body was taken out of the car as soon as it was brought to a standstill and dragged the body from beneath the wheels and laid it beside the curb. As the crowd gathered, several policemen arrived, and the coroner, V. M. Staton, of 109 West Broadway, was taken in custody and made the formal charge of murder against him.

Smiling When Killed.
The little girl had been to the store of her grandfather, Jacob J. Pohn, at 6 North Robinson Street, almost directly across from her home. She had left the house and was smiling and romping across the street when the accident happened.

"My car was going probably eight and a half miles an hour," Statton afterwards said. "I saw the child running across the street, and she had her head turned away from me. I saw her and I apparently looking at some children on the opposite pavement. Before I realized what had happened she had been caught between the fender and the wheel. I hurried and stepped on my brakes and stopped the car as quickly as possible. The one piercing scream from her told me the worst."

Measurements made by Cordero Taylor indicated that the car had been stopped between twelve and twenty feet after the child had been struck. Blood on the tracks showed the body to have been dragged seven feet. Witnesses it was learned, said that the car was stopped with remarkable promptness.

Terribly Cut and Mangled.
Examination of the body by Coroner Taylor showed that it had been

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SPEAKER DEFENDS COURTING IN PARKS

LEE CAMP VOTES AGAINST HURLEE

Tells Recreation Congress That
City Should Provide Place
for Love-Making.

Rescinds Its Former Action by
Which Celebration in 1915
Was Approved

"Courtship is essentially a pleasure hour occupation," said George A. Parker, addressing the Recreation Commission at the Jefferson Hotel Auditorium last night. "It is a class matter, through industrial changes depriving its young people of the opportunity to make love under decent surroundings. It should make good the deficiency. It is the part of a city's duty to provide every young man with a respectable place in which she may be courted."

Mr. Parker, who is the park superintendent of Hartford, Conn., spoke.

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By unanimous vote, R. E. Lee Camp No. 1, United Confederate Veterans last night rescinded its former approval of plans for a peace jubilee in Richmond in April, 1915, and adopted resolutions bitterly condemning any semi-centennial celebration which has for its purpose the commemoration of the downfall of the confederacy and the commencing of the Grand Army of the Republic and the United Confederate Veterans in the capital of the 'Confederacy. In another hall, about the same hour, the George E. Pickett Camp, United Confederate Veterans, declared

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BRISTOL REMAINS IN "WET" COLUMN

BANKER GETS OFF WITH REPRIMAND

BEGIN SENTENCES AT 'ISLAND HOME'

Citizens Vote in Favor of
Saloons by Majority of

Charles Glover Arraigned Before House for Assault on Repre-

Former Police Inspectors Must
Serve Year in Peni-

Fifty-Two.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Bristol, Va., May 9.—After a day of strenuous work on both sides, the polls of the local option election here to-day closed at sunset, with a victory for the "wets." Out of 681 votes cast, the "wets" had a majority of fifty-two. Five ballots were thrown

representative Sims.
Washington, May 2.—Charles G. Glover, the Washington banker who recently attacked Representative Sims of Tennessee, on account of a speech delivered in the House, was brought before the bar of the House late today and reprimanded by Speaker Clark for violating the privileges of the

tentiary.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New York, May 9.—Dennis Sweeney, James E. Hussey, John J. Murtha and James F. Thompson, the former police inspectors, convicted of conspiracy to prevent George A. Sipp from testifying concerning the criminal combination between the police and unlawful inter-

Interest was so general that not only most of the voters now regularly in line went to the polls, but many came from distant points, some of whom had not been here in two or three years. Many of the voters were from the district, but the crowd responded to the urgent call to the "wet."

The polling list shows a total of 727 qualified voters, including old soldiers, and the vote cast was within 100 of the number of names on the list. A large delegation of temperance people at the polling place, and practically as many men who had come to do battle for the liquor traffic. It

House. A resolution authorizing the banker's arrest had been adopted a few minutes before with only four dissenting votes. When brought in by the speaker, the resolution was met with an apology, saying that his act was committed under great stress of feeling, and that he did not know he was affronting the House.

This was the first time in nearly forty years that an outsider had been arrested before the House for contempt. The assault occurred in Farragut Square on April 18, when Representative Sims and Mr. Glover met the former for the first time. He made a speech in the House severely criticizing Mr. Glover in connection

ests, were taken to Blackwell's Island Monday and will begin their regular work at noon on Tuesday. The men smiled as they were led through the iron gates of the penitentiary, and looked at each other with interest. Soon after arriving at the penitentiary, the former police officers were taken through a regular initiation ceremony, which included a haircut, a bath, a shave and hair crop. They were then provided with new suits of striped clothing, with skull caps made of the same material. The new uniforms they presented a marked contrast to their appearance in the blue uniforms and gold shields which they wore as police officers.

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CHINDA PRESENTS PROTEST OF JAPAN

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MARSHALL GUEST
OF VINCENT ASTOR

(Continued On Second Page.)

DUCHESS FILES HER CROSS SUIT

Ambassador Will Have Another Conference With Secretary

He Will Have Chance to Take Measure of "Heir to More

Counter-Action Is Brought in Tangled Domestic Affairs

of State To-Day.

Washington, May 9.—Negotiations between America and Japan regarding the California land legislation formally were initiated to-day, when Secretary Bryan had two meetings with the Japanese ambassador at the State Department. While there had been a number of exchanges between the two officials since the inception of the California legislation, until to-day they had been informal, and based upon the desire of the Japanese government to avert an open issue.

To-day, however, in anticipation of the consummation of the legislation, the Japanese government handed in its formal proposals for consideration by the government and the Cabinet and found sufficiently weighty to call for deliberate treatment. So it was arranged that subsequent to this would be a meeting of Secretary Bryan at the State Department at 9:30 o'clock to-morrow morning, by which time the

Than \$100,000."
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New York, May 3.—(Vice-President Marshall will have a splendid opportunity for a "take the measure" of the "young man" who has fallen heir to considerably more than \$100,000, the limit which the Vice-President recently stated had been suggested to him.
The Vice-President is to be the guest of Vincent Astor on the yacht Noma for dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria, West Point. The party will include the Senate Committee on Military Affairs and a number of prominent New Yorkers.
The Vice-President will spend Saturday night at Pencilville, the Astor estate, and on Monday will go to Albany to visit Governor Sulzer.
The Vice-President and members of the Senate committee will be here to night, and were the guests of Frederick H. Allen at a dinner at the Manhattan Club.
The party will board the Noma in the North River to-morrow morning.

of Westminster.
[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]
London, May 3.—The lovely Duchess
of Westminster has brought a cross
suit for divorce. It is stated authori-
tatively.
Her husband, in his suit, of which
these dispatches told yesterday, names
the Duke of Alba, a descendant of
King James II. of England, an intimate
friend of King Alfonso of Spain.
These suits explain why the Duke
of Westminster, an ardent polo player,
has not gone to America to play in the
international polo match next month,
although he financed the team almost
prodigally, scouring the world for
good ponies and paying any price for
them.
The duke has been particularly at-
tentive to Miss Gertie Millar, a star of
George Edwards's Company, who was
much admired by American Miss Mil-
lar's husband, Lionel Monckton.